## PROPERTY OF SHAPE DAY 3

To be able to identify equilateral, isosceles, right-angled and scalene triangles

## SUCCESS CRITERIA

$\checkmark$ I can measure side lengths of various triangles to identify and name equilateral, isosceles, right-angled and scalene triangles
$\checkmark$ l can explain my reasoning when measuring side lengths of various triangles to identify and name equilateral, isosceles, right-angled and scalene triangles

## STARTER

Thinking about polygons, put a line through those that don't belong.


Explain your choices.

## STARTER

Thinking about polygons, put a line through those that don't belong.


A polygon is an enclose shade up made of straight lines, so the second shape does belong as it has curved edges, the green crescent doesn't belong as it is made fro two curved sides, the circle doesn't belong as it has one curved edge and the find sketch doesn't belong as it is not entirely enclosed.

## TALKING TIME

Which one doesn't belong?


Explain your answer.

## TALKING TIME

Which one doesn't belong?


The yellow shape doesn't belong as it is a pentagon, whereas the green, pink and purple shapes are all right angle triangles.

## TALKING TIME

Which one doesn't belong?


Explain your answer.

## TALKING TIME

Which one doesn't belong?


The white shape doesn't belong as although it looks similar to a triangle, it doesn have straight sides, so is not a triangle.

## ACTIVITY 1

Which one doesn't belong?


Explain your answer.

## ACTIVITY 1

Which one doesn't belong?


The green shape doesn't belong as it isn't entirely enclosed, so cannot be conside a triangle.

Match the image and sentence fragments together to form example definitions.


A right-angled triangle has
An equilateral triangle has
3 sides all with different lengths.

An isosceles triangle has
one angle that is $90^{\circ}$.

A scalene triangle has

## ACTIVITY 2

Match the image and sentence fragments together to form example definitions.


## TALKING TIME

Name the types of triangles shown below.


## TALKING TIME

Name the types of triangles shown below.


## right-angled

 triangle
## ACTIVITY 3

Name the types of triangles shown below.


## ACTIVITY 3

Name the types of triangles shown below.


## ACTIVITY 4

Use grid paper to help you draw at least one each of equilateral, isosceles, rightangled and scalene triangles.


## ACTIVITY 4

Use grid paper to help you draw at least one each of equilateral, isosceles, rightangled and scalene triangles.


## ACTIVITY 5

James says, "My shape has three sides and a right angle. So, it is a right-angled triangle"

Do you agree?
Explain your answer.

## ACTIVITY 5

James says, "My shape has three sides and a right angle. So, it is a right-angled triangle"

No, I do not agree. For his shape to be a right-angled triangle, all three sides must be straight sides.

## ACTIVITY 6

The square shown has a perimeter of 100 cm .


What is the perimeter of the orange equilateral triangle within the square?
Explain your answer.

## ACTIVITY 6

The square shown has a perimeter of 100 cm .


It will have a perimeter of 75 cm , because each of the square's four sides are 25 cm , so each of its three sides are $25 \mathrm{~cm} .3 \times 25 \mathrm{~cm}=75 \mathrm{~cm}$.

## EVALUATION



Is Astrobee's statement true or false?
Explain your answer.

## EVALUATION



Astrobee's statement is false. As the triangle has three sides of equal length, it is an equilateral triangle. It doesn't matter which way up it has been drawn.

