PROPERTY OF SHAPE -DAY 4

To be able to identify various quadrilaterals

SUCCESS CRITERIA

✓I can identify and name various quadrilaterals including squares, rectangles, parallelograms, rhombuses and trapeziums

✓I can explain my reasoning when identifying and naming various quadrilaterals including squares, rectangles, parallelograms, rhombuses and trapeziums



Which one doesn't belong?



Explain your answer.





Which one doesn't belong?



The pink shape doesn't belong as it is a pentagon, whereas the orange square, yellow rectangle and purple parallelogram are all quadrilaterals.



Complete the Frayer Model below.



ACTIVITY 1

Complete the Frayer Model below.





Find definitions and examples for the following types of quadrilaterals:

a) square -

- b) rectangle -
- c) parallelogram -
- d) rhombus -
- e) trapezium -

Find definitions and examples for the following types of quadrilaterals:

- a) square a shape with four sides that are all the same length and four corners that are all right angles.
- b) rectangle a four-sided shape whose corners are all ninety degree angles. Each side of a rectangle is the same length as the one opposite to it.
- c) parallelogram a four-sided shape in which each side is parallel to the side opposite it.
- d) rhombus a shape that has four equal sides but is not a square.
- e) trapezium a quadrilateral having two parallel sides of unequal length.



























trapezium







rhombus

trapezium

pentagon







trapezium









trapezium











ACTIVITY 3

Label each of the quadrilaterals below.



ACTIVITY 3

Label each of the quadrilaterals below.





Mark all the shapes with the relevant right angle, parallel and equal sides symbols.





Mark all the shapes with the relevant right angle, parallel and equal sides symbols.



TALKING TIME

Complete the sentence below.



The polygon shown has ____ pair(s) of parallel lines.

TALKING TIME

Complete the sentence below.



The polygon shown has <u>one</u> pair(s) of parallel lines.



Complete the sentence below.

The polygon shown has ____ right angles.



Complete the sentence below.

The polygon shown has **four** right angles.

TALKING TIME

Complete the sentence below.



The polygon shown has ____ pair(s) of equal sides.

TALKING TIME

Complete the sentence below.



The polygon shown has **two** pair(s) of equal sides.

ACTIVITY 5

Complete the table below.

image	right angles	parallel sides	equal sides
┍╌╂╶╕ ╺╈ ╺┲	4	two pairs	4

ACTIVITY 5

Complete the table below.

image	right angles	parallel sides	equal sides
┍╌╂╶╕ ╺╈ ╺╋	4	two pairs	4
	<u>4</u>	<u>two pairs</u>	<u>two pairs</u>
	<u>O</u>	<u>two pairs</u>	<u>two pairs</u>
	<u>0</u>	<u>one pair</u>	<u>one pair</u>

EVALUATION



Is Astrobee's statement always, sometimes or never true? Explain your answer.

EVALUATION



Astrobee's statement is only sometimes true. Although squares are four equalsided shapes, rhombuses are also shapes with four equal sides, but aren't (always) squares.