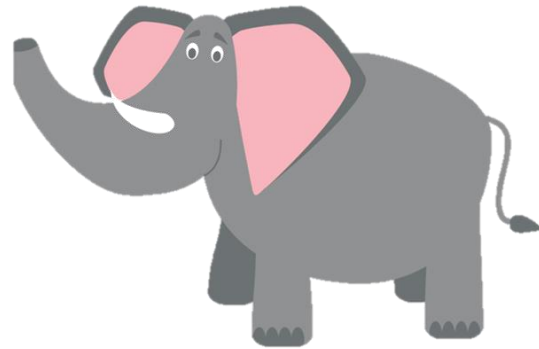


# Comparing and Ordering Comparative and Superlatives

WEEK 11

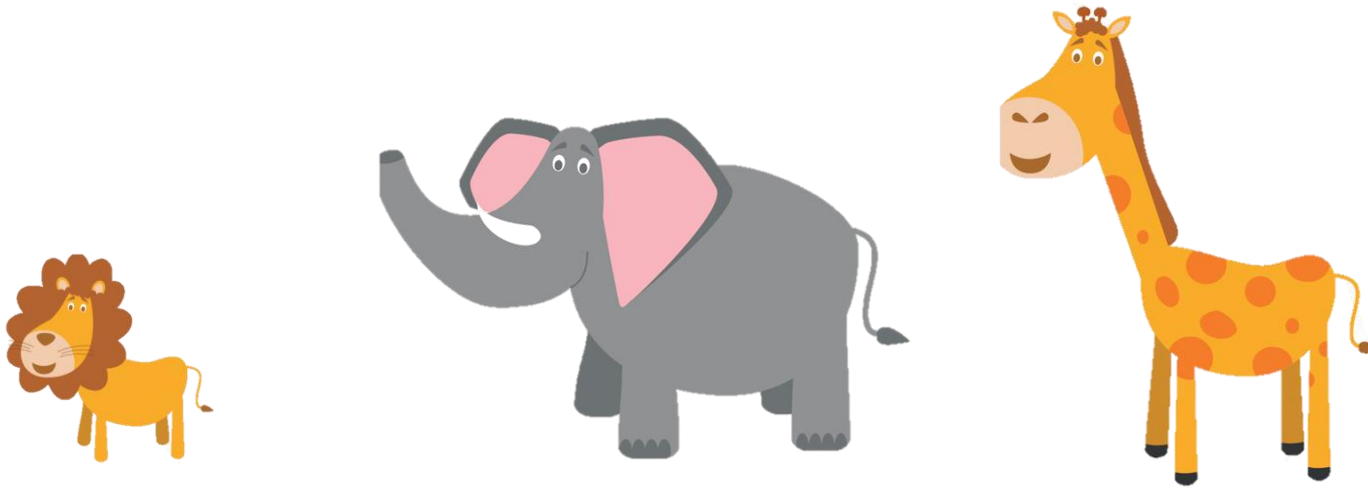
# Introduction

**Have a look at these pictures and think of sentences to compare the sizes of the animals, using words that end in -er or -est.**



# Introduction

Have a look at these pictures and think of sentences to compare the sizes of the animals, using words that end in -er or -est.



Various possible answers, for example:

The elephant is taller than the lion, but the giraffe is the tallest.

The elephant is shorter than the giraffe, but the lion is the shortest.

The elephant is the fattest and the giraffe and lion are thinner.

# Recap...

The **superlative** form indicates something that is the best of its kind, or something which surpasses all others. ... Superlatives are typically formed by adding the suffix '-est' to the end of the adjective or adverb that you are using to compare the items.

The **comparative** form is used to compare two nouns (people, places, or things) or to describe verbs (actions), or other adverbs (words that describe verbs).



# Fluency

Match up the words to their comparative and superlative.

**quiet**

**heavier**

**hottest**

**hot**

**quieter**

**heaviest**

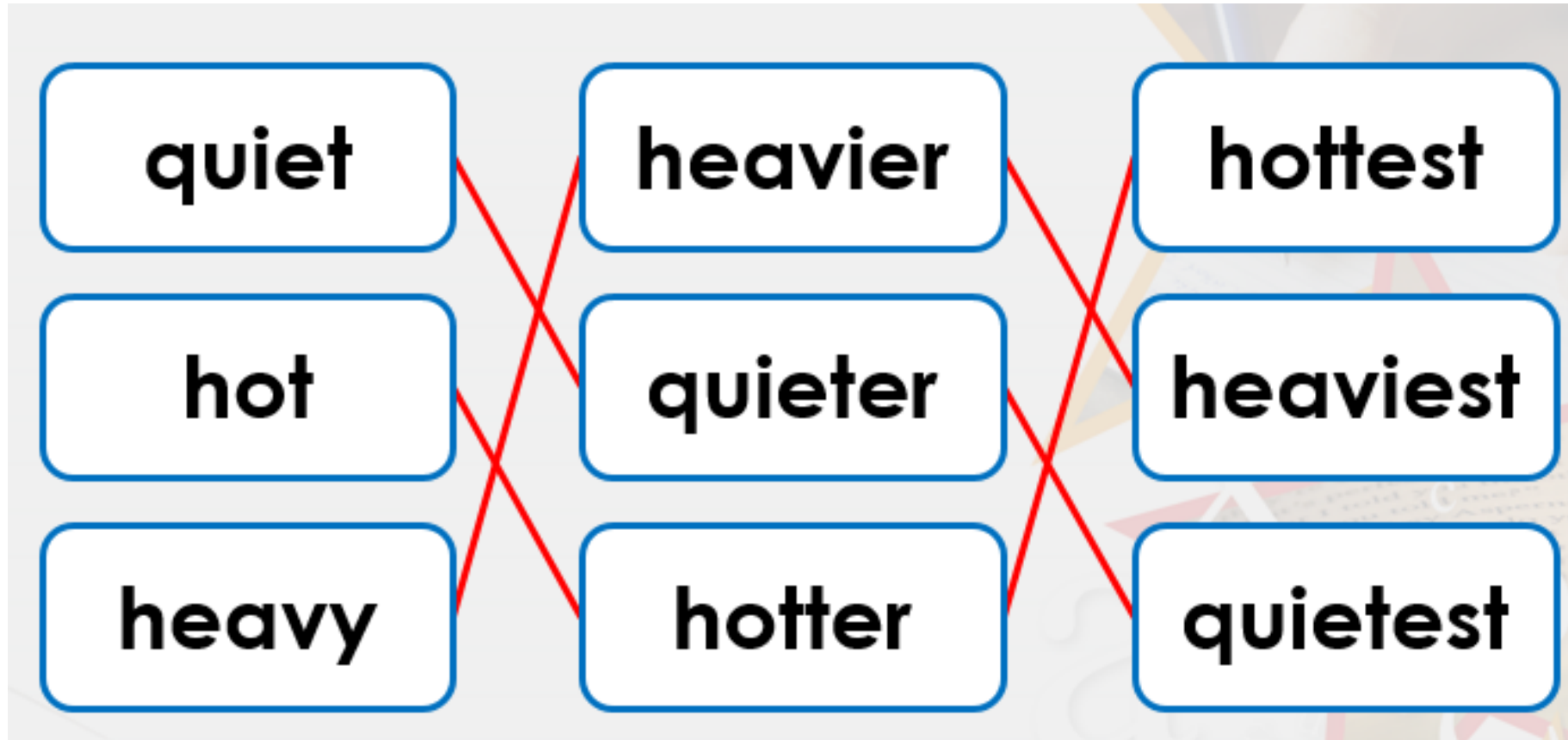
**heavy**

**hotter**

**quietest**

# Fluency

Match up the words to their comparative and superlative.



# Fluency

Order the words below from the least to the greatest amount.

**finest**

**finer**

**fine**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Fluency

Order the words below from the least to the greatest amount.

**fine**

**finer**

**finest**



# Fluency

**True or false? The sentence correctly compares their ages.**

**Bob is youngest than Kevin, but Stuart is the younger of all.**

# Fluency

**True or false? The sentence correctly compares their ages.**

**Bob is youngest than Kevin, but Stuart is the younger of all.**

**False, it should be 'Bob is younger than Kevin, but Stuart is the youngest of all'.**

# Fluency

Complete the table to compare and order the adjectives.

<b>nice</b>		<b>nicest</b>
	<b>brighter</b>	
<b>grim</b>		
		<b>prettiest</b>

# Fluency

Complete the table to compare and order the adjectives.

<b>nice</b>	<b>nicer</b>	<b>nicest</b>
<b>bright</b>	<b>brighter</b>	<b>brightest</b>
<b>grim</b>	<b>grimmer</b>	<b>grimmest</b>
<b>pretty</b>	<b>prettier</b>	<b>prettiest</b>

# Application

Change the meaning of the sentence below by adding the suffixes -er and -est to fat.

**At the farm, I saw a fat sheep  
next to the fat\_\_\_\_\_ cow and  
a fat\_\_\_\_\_ pig.**

# Application

Change the meaning of the sentence below by adding the suffixes -er and -est to fat.

**At the farm, I saw a fat sheep  
next to the fattest cow and a  
fatter pig.**

# Reasoning

Look at the sentence, what mistake has been made? Prove it.

**My dad was trying to be brave when we saw a spider in the bathroom, but mum was bravest and I was the braver of all.**

# Reasoning

Look at the sentence, what mistake has been made? Prove it.

**My dad was trying to be brave when we saw a spider in the bathroom, but mum was bravest and I was the braver of all.**

The mistake is 'bravest' and 'braver', the correct sentence should be:



# Application

Create a sentence using the words below:

**heavier**

**heaviest**

# Application

Create a sentence using the words below:

**heavier**

**heaviest**

Various possible answers, for example:

A loaf of bread is heavier than an egg, but a bag of sugar is the heaviest.